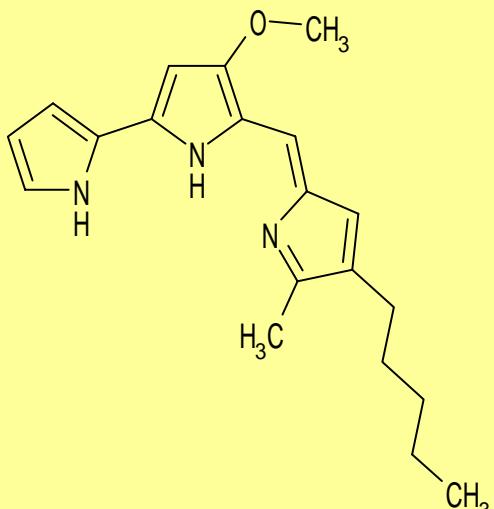


Structure**Origin:** *γ-Proteobacterium hahella***CAS Registry Number:** 82-89-3**CA Index Name:** 4-Methoxy-5-[(5-methyl-4-pentyl-2H-pyrol-2-ylidene)methyl]-2,2'-bi[1H-pyrol]**Appearance:** Dark red solid**Molecular Formula/ Weight:** C₂₀H₂₅N₃O=323.46**Melting Point:** 120-122 **Purity:** 95>% by HPLC**Solubility:** Sol. in MeOH, Chloroform, EtOH, EtOAc, Hexane, Acetone, Acetonitrile
Insoluble in water**Background Information:**

A marine bacterium, *γ-proteobacterium* strain MS-02-063 produces prodigiosins. The prodigiosins showed multibiological activities, antibacterial¹⁾, antifungal²⁾, cytotoxic³⁾, antialgal activities^{4),5)}, and inhibition of NADPH oxidase activation in macrophage⁶⁾. The prodigiosin induces apoptosis by phosphorylation of p38 MAP kinase. In addition, the prodigiosins inhibit the association of p47phox and Rac, which are NADPH oxidase cytosolic components, to the plasma membrane in macrophages.

Handling and Storage:

Store at -20 . Protect from light

References:

1. T. Nakashima, et al., *Microbiol Immunol.*, **49**, 407 (2005).
2. T. Nakashima, et al., *Infect Chemother*, **11**, 123 (2005).
3. T. Nakashima, et al., *Biological & Pharmaceutical Bulletin*. **28**, 2289 (2005).
4. T. Nakashima, et al., *Appl. Microbiol.Biotechnol.* **73**, 684 (2006).
5. T. Nakashima, et al., *Aquat. Microb.Ecol.* **45**, 255 (2006).
6. T. Nakashima, et al., *J.Biochem.* **143**, 107 (2008).